



## BASIC SCIENCE REFERENCES

### Fundamental Physical Constants

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#### Universal Constants

Velocity of light in vacuum     $c := 299792458 \cdot \frac{\text{m}}{\text{sec}}$

Permeability of vacuum     $\mu_0 := 4 \cdot \pi \cdot 10^{-7} \cdot \frac{\text{newton}}{\text{amp}^2}$

Permittivity of vacuum     $\epsilon_0 := 8.854187817 \cdot 10^{-12} \cdot \frac{\text{farad}}{\text{m}}$

Newtonian constant of gravitation     $G := 6.67259 \cdot 10^{-11} \cdot \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{kg} \cdot \text{sec}^2}$

Planck's constant (h)     $h := 6.6260755 \cdot 10^{-34} \cdot \text{joule} \cdot \text{sec}$

#### Electromagnetic Constants

Elementary charge     $e := 1.60217733 \cdot 10^{-19} \cdot \text{coul}$

Magnetic flux quantum     $\Phi_0 := 2.06783461 \cdot 10^{-15} \cdot \text{weber}$

Bohr magneton     $9.2740154 \cdot 10^{-24} \cdot \frac{\text{joule}}{\text{tesla}}$

Nuclear magneton     $5.0507866 \cdot 10^{-27} \cdot \frac{\text{joule}}{\text{tesla}}$

## Atomic Constants

|                         |                                                                |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Fine structure constant | $\alpha := 7.29735308 \cdot 10^{-3}$                           |
| Rydberg constant        | $R := 10973731.534 \cdot \text{m}^{-1}$                        |
| Bohr radius             | $a_0 := 0.529177249 \cdot 10^{-10} \cdot \text{m}$             |
| Hartree energy          | $E_h := 4.3597482 \cdot 10^{-18} \cdot \text{joule}$           |
| Quantum of circulation  | $3.63694807 \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{sec}}$ |

## Electron

|                                                          |                                                                    |
|----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Electron mass                                            | $m_e := 9.1093897 \cdot 10^{-31} \cdot \text{kg}$                  |
| Electron specific charge (electron charge to mass ratio) | $-1.75881962 \cdot 10^{11} \cdot \frac{\text{coul}}{\text{kg}}$    |
| Electron Compton wavelength                              | $2.42631058 \cdot 10^{-12} \cdot \text{m}$                         |
| Classical electron radius                                | $r_e := 2.81794092 \cdot 10^{-15} \cdot \text{m}$                  |
| Electron magnetic moment                                 | $928.47701 \cdot 10^{-26} \cdot \frac{\text{joule}}{\text{tesla}}$ |

## Muon

|           |                                                     |
|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| Muon mass | $m_\mu := 1.8835327 \cdot 10^{-28} \cdot \text{kg}$ |
|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------|

## Proton

|                                       |                                                                                |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Proton mass                           | $m_p := 1.6726231 \cdot 10^{-27} \cdot \text{kg}$                              |
| Ratio of proton mass to electron mass | 1836.152701                                                                    |
| Proton Compton wavelength             | $1.32141002 \cdot 10^{-15} \cdot \text{m}$                                     |
| Proton magnetic moment                | $1.41060761 \cdot 10^{-26} \cdot \frac{\text{joule}}{\text{tesla}}$            |
| Proton gyromagnetic ratio             | $26751.5255 \cdot 10^4 \cdot \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{sec} \cdot \text{tesla}}$ |

## Neutron

|                            |                                                   |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| Neutron mass               | $m_n := 1.6749286 \cdot 10^{-27} \cdot \text{kg}$ |
| Neutron Compton wavelength | $1.31959110 \cdot 10^{-15} \cdot \text{m}$        |

## Physico-Chemical Constants

|                      |                                                                  |
|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Avogadro constant    | $N_A := 6.0221367 \cdot 10^{23} \cdot \text{mole}^{-1}$          |
| Atomic mass constant | $\text{AMU} := 1.6605402 \cdot 10^{-27} \cdot \text{kg}$         |
| Faraday constant     | $96485.309 \cdot \frac{\text{coul}}{\text{mole}}$                |
| Molar gas constant   | $8.314510 \cdot \frac{\text{joule}}{\text{mole} \cdot \text{K}}$ |

Boltzmann's constant  $k_b := 1.380658 \cdot 10^{-23} \cdot \frac{\text{joule}}{\text{K}}$

Molar volume of ideal gas at STP  $22.41410 \cdot \frac{\text{liter}}{\text{mole}}$

Stefan-Boltzmann constant  $\sigma := 5.67051 \cdot 10^{-8} \cdot \frac{\text{watt}}{\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K}^4}$

First radiation constant  $3.7417749 \cdot 10^{-16} \cdot \text{watt} \cdot \text{m}^2$

Second radiation constant  $0.01438769 \cdot \text{m} \cdot \text{K}$

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Data from CRC Handbook of Chemistry and Physics, 73nd edition,  
edited by David R. Lide, CRC Press (1992).

